

⇒2015 Legislative Agenda ←

New Mexico Mortgage Finance Authority

SB109 MFA Veteran Home Rehabilitation

\$2 Million

Sponsor: Sen. Richard Martinez

A \$2 million appropriation will fund rehabilitation of approximately 100 homes for honorably discharged, low-income veterans.

- According to the New Mexico Department of Veterans' Services, there are 170,699 veterans in New Mexico, 71 percent of who are over 50 years old.
- More than 11 percent of New Mexico veterans live in poverty; an equivalent percentage are disabled.
- Rehabilitation work funded by this appropriation will include health and safety repairs, modifications for physically impaired persons, repairs to address structural damage, and appliance replacement.



Kip and Kathy Vaughn live with their three grandchildren in Arbolera de Vida, an affordable housing community at the Sawmill Community Land Trust in Albuquerque.

HB248 Low-Income Home Repairs

\$2 Million Sponsor: Rep. Luciano "Lucky" Varela

A \$2 million appropriation will fund emergency home repairs for approximately 250 low-income New Mexico families.

- Low-income homeowners affected by unexpected life events or who
 experience natural disasters often lack personal savings and insurance
 coverage needed to pay for critical home repairs. There is currently no
 permanent state funding source to address these needs.
- New Mexico's housing stock is relatively old: almost 50 percent of the state's housing units were built before 1980, with only 18 percent built in or after 2000. New Mexico has one of the highest rates of substandard housinghomes lacking complete plumbing or kitchen facilities—in the nation.
- Repairs funded with this appropriation will include health and safety repairs, accessibility modifications for physically impaired persons, roof replacement, repairs to the building's envelope and interior walls as well as emergency repairs necessitated by natural disasters.
- When possible, the appropriation will be leveraged with existing MFA housing programs to address major rehabilitation or weatherization needs.

SB50 Regional Housing Authorities

Sponsor: Sen. Mary Kay Papen

A \$250,000 appropriation will ensure that New Mexico's three Regional Housing Authorities have the support, training and oversight necessary to operate efficiently and create affordable housing in rural and unserved areas of the state.

- In 2009 MFA was mandated by the state to restructure and oversee the state's
 regional housing authorities. MFA consolidated the seven regional authorities
 into three and began providing training, technical assistance and auditing on a
 consistent basis. There has been no fraud, waste or abuse within the Regional
 Housing Authorities since MFA began its oversight function.
- Regional housing authorities are the primary housing service providers in rural areas. They will become increasingly important as smaller local authorities close due to budget cuts.
- A self-supporting entity, MFA is requesting that funding for oversight of the
 regional housing authorities be recurring. If funding is not approved, MFA will
 propose amending the Act so that these responsibilities are transferred to the
 Department of Finance and Administration, which receives annual operating
 funds from the state.

SB61 Affordable Housing Act Changes

Sponsor: Sen. Sander Rue

Two changes to the Affordable Housing Act will help preserve affordable housing and allow the provisions of the Act to be enforced.

The Affordable Housing Act permits state and local governments to contribute public funds, buildings or other resources to create or preserve affordable housing. In the 11 years since the Act was signed into law, two issues have emerged that this bill would resolve:

- The long-term affordability requirement mandated by the current Act makes it difficult to resell a foreclosed property and recoup public resources invested in the property. By providing an exception to the long-term affordability requirement in the event of foreclosure, state and local governments can sell a foreclosed property at a fair market value in a timely manner. The proceeds from any such sale must be used for purposes of the Affordable Housing Act, such as reinvestment in other affordable housing projects.
- The current Act allows the attorney general to investigate alleged violations of the Affordable Housing Act, but contains no penalties. This bill enables the attorney general to bring civil actions, charge civil penalties and pursue criminal charges as appropriate for violations of the Act. .

SB87 New Mexico Housing Trust Fund

\$5 Million Sponsor: Sen. Nancy Rodriguez

A \$5 million appropriation will leverage approximately \$70 million to build more than 500 quality affordable homes for low-income New Mexicans.

- The Housing Trust Fund was created in 2005 by the State Legislature with an initial appropriation of \$10 million. Since 2005, the state has appropriated an additional \$8.7 million.
- For every dollar appropriated to the Housing Trust Fund, an additional \$17
 has been leveraged. To date, nearly \$320 million has been leveraged from other
 funding sources, and \$16.8 million has been earned from loan repayments and
 interest income.
- More than 2,100 homes have been constructed or rehabilitated in New Mexico using \$18.7 million in state funding.

SB110 Residential Energy Conservation Programs

\$1 Million

Sponsor: Sen. Richard C. Martinez

A \$1 million appropriation will provide weatherization services for approximately 200 more homes than would otherwise be possible, create jobs and save low-income families hundreds of dollars each year on energy bills.

- Low-income homeowners may spend up to 17 percent of their monthly budgets on utility costs, compared to about 4 percent for homeowners with higher incomes.
- MFA's NM Energy\$mart program weatherizes the homes of approximately 1,000 low-income families each year with funding from two federal programs.
 Federal funding alone limits MFA to serving only a fraction of the low-income New Mexico residents eligible for the program.
- While the state has allocated resources for NM Energy\$mart in the past, it has
 not reinstated funding since the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act
 funding was expended. State funding will allow more homes to be weatherized
 and will be leveraged five to one with existing federal funding sources.
- An estimated 85,000 New Mexico residents are eligible for weatherization services through MFA's NM Energy\$mart program. Many families are in desperate need of the services, living in homes with inadequate heat, leaky or missing windows and unsafe conditions.

SB250 Affordable Housing Act Oversight Duties

\$250,000 Sponsor: Sen. Stuart Ingle

A \$250,000 appropriation will fund oversight of the Affordable Housing Act and technical assistance to local communities.

- The Affordable Housing Act permits state and local governments to contribute public funds, buildings or other resources to create or preserve affordable housing.
- The Affordable Housing Act was signed into law in 2004. MFA was charged
 with adopting rules to oversee the Act. In addition to oversight, MFA provides
 technical assistance for housing plans and ordinances as required by the Act.
- MFA has received no funds to carry out its oversight responsibilities or for the technical assistance it provides.
- A self-supporting entity, MFA is requesting that funding for oversight of the Affordable Housing Act be recurring. If funding is not approved, MFA will propose amending the Regional Housing Act so that these responsibilities are transferred to the Department of Finance and Administration, which receives annual operating funds from the state.

SB62 Affordable Housing Act Definitions

Sponsor: Sen. Sander Rue

An amendment to the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act will clarify eligibility for state affordable housing tax credits and resolve inconsistencies with the Affordable Housing Act.

- The intent of the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act of 2005 was to encourage investment in affordable housing by issuing tax credits in exchange for donations of land, buildings, materials, services or cash for affordable housing.
- Local governments currently make affordable housing contributions under
 the state Affordable Housing Act. Because these contributions are inherently
 revocable and cannot be considered donations for the purpose of obtaining state
 tax credits, local governments should not be eligible for affordable housing tax
 credits. Local governments should not receive state tax credits for contributions
 such as local government-owned land and infrastructure, local government
 services, local government grants or loans or for federal or private funds received
 by a local government.
- This amendment clarifies that local governments are not eligible for state tax credits while preserving eligibility for intended recipients — individuals, private entities and non-profits — that make contributions to affordable housing.





<u>49,207</u>

Families have bec<mark>ome homeowners</mark> using MFA's low interest rate loans



10,904

Families have received assistance with down payment and closing costs



17,048

Affordable housing units have been built or preserved



75,180

Households have received rental assistance



169,434

Individuals experiencing homelessness have received emergency shelter and assistance



2/,003

Homes have been rehabilitated or have received energy efficiency upgrades

Current assets under management: \$2.5 billion.